

Name:

Caesar

I = 1, V = 5, X = 10, L = 50, C = 100, D = 500, M = 1,000

You find some ancient Roman artefacts. Translate the numbers into English:

II= 2      VI= 6      XX= 20      XV= 15      XVIII= 18      XXXV= 35

LXXXII= 82    LV= 55    XXV= 25      CLV= 155      CXIV= 114      CM= 900

IX= 9      XXIX= 29      XCI= 91      LXXX= 80      DCL= 650      MCCV= 1205

A Roman comes to the future. Translate these numerals into Roman for him:

8= VIII      13= XIII      16= XVI      40= XL      33= XXXIII      25= XXV

55= LV      4= IV      24= XXIV      90= XC      460= CDLX      550= DL

1150= MCL    2503= MM DIII    330= CCCX XX    225= CCX XV    105= CV      944= CMXLIV

You find some Ancient Roman number sentences but some numbers have faded away. Complete the missing numbers with **English** digits:

VI + II = 8      V + V = 10      ~~VI + II = 8~~      XXV + X = 35  
XX + VI = 26

L + C = 150      XV + V = 20      M + MML = 3050      CD + C = 500

XX - VI = 14      IV - I = 3      XXX - X = 20      L - XXV = 25

D - CCCL = 150      MM - C = 1900      CM - D = 400      C - XXV = 75

Circle the biggest numbers out of each pair:

2. CM or DCC ?    2. CX or CL ?    3. CCLX or CM ?    4. LV or LIV ?

**CHALLENGE** Write some of your own Roman number sentences below: